# **Uplands Infant and Nursery School**

# **Progression in Art and Design**

# **2021-2022**

	Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2
Develop	Emotions	Emotions	Emotions	Emotions
Emotions, process, visual language, vocabulary	Identify and use language/vocab to describe emotion.  Show different emotions in their drawings – happiness, sadness, fear, etc.	Begin to use language/ vocab to describe emotion through pieces of art.  Begin to describe different styles of art and design that are commonly known for conveying particular emotions  Name some different shades of colours	Use language/vocab to describe emotion through pieces of art.  Take inspiration from artists to create artwork that to conveys an emotional state  Name artists and designers who are well known for conveying emotional responses through their work	Use language/vocab to describe emotion through pieces of art.  Able to describe different styles of art and design that are commonly known for conveying particular emotions  Discuss the emotional effect an artist has created in their artwork when they have used a line, colour, texture or shape.  Compare and contrast the emotional effects of pieces of art in terms how the artist was feeling.

#### Process

Explore different materials using their senses and develop ideas about how to use them

Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them

Awareness that what they are doing can be seen in influential artists/ styles e.g Fauvism



Talk about likes/ dislikes



#### **Process**

Select and use a range of different materials and explore techniques



Begin to explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them.

Draw from imagination and observation adding detail

Begin to choose colours and techniques for a purpose

#### **Process**

They select and use materials and techniques skilfully and inventively, using their own knowledge, experience alongside the influence of the work and ideas of others.

Revisit and embed the use and of different artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings (i.e. I chose the colour red because I felt angry).



Explore and take inspiration of the work and style of influential artists and designers

Explain the effects of using different colours (i.e warm colours/cool colours and how it makes you feel)

#### **Process**

painted.

Explore the qualities of materials in order to adapt and refine and enhance ideas

Develop their artwork using their knowledge of different influential artists (i.e. I have used this colour because I was feeling \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_ was feeling when he

	Visual Language:  Exposure to language used to describe and analyse	Visual Language:  Begin to use the work of artists as inspiration and generate conversation about them	Visual Language  Use the work of artists as inspiration and have meaningful discussions about how a piece of artwork is communicating an idea or message.	Visual Language  Use the work of artists as inspiration and stimulus to discuss how the use of a particular technique/colour can stress the important feature within a piece.
Master Practical Skills Effects, techniques, colour	Across all media to use one handed tools and equipment	Develop small motor skills to use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently	Children begin to select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing].	Children confidently select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing].

theory, media and materials				
Master	<u>Paint</u>	<u>Paint</u>	<u>Paint</u>	<u>Paint</u>
Practical Skills	Explore painting with mud and water	Use different kinds of paint and equipment to apply	Mix primary colours to make secondary colours	Use thick and thin brushes create different textures
Effects, techniques,		paint with care and control e.g brushes, rollers,	Find collections of colour –	Add white to colours to make



colour	
theory,	
media and	Explore different ki
materials	paint- ready mixed,
	and powder.
	Use fingers and oth
	of the body and bru
	and other tools to r
	marks with and in p
	rollers, sponges, co
	buds
	Explore combining
	resources to create
	e.g sand
	Explore colour and
	mixing
	Show different emo
	their drawings and

Explore different kinds of paint- ready mixed, water and powder.

Use fingers and other parts of the body and brushes and other tools to make marks with and in paint e.g rollers, sponges, cotton buds **Explore** combining resources to create texture e.g sand Explore colour and colour mixing Show different emotions in sponges

Name all the colours

Develop colour mixing techniques and make different shades of colours



Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings.

applying colour with a range of tools

Warm and cold colours



Create and name different shades of colours

tints and black make to make tones

Create colour wheels

Techniques- apply colour using dotting, scratching, splashing

use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: primary colours, secondary colours, neutral colours, tints, shades, warm colours, cool colours, watercolour wash, sweep, dab, bold brushstroke, acrylic paint.

## Master Practical **Skills**

Effects, techniques,

### Collage

sadness, fear

Explore different materials freely, to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make e.g

paintings, like happiness,

### Collage

Select and use a range of different materials and use different techniques e.g. tearing, layering,

## Collage

Use a combination of materials that are cut torn and glued.

### Collage

Overlapping and overlaying to create effect

use key vocabulary to

colour theory, media and materials	tear, fold, twist, scrunch	scrunching, twisting		demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: collage, squares, gaps, mosaic, features, cut, place, arrange.
Master Practical Skills Effects, techniques, colour theory, media and materials	Sculpture  Use mouldable materials to create simple models e.g cakes  Combine with other resources e.g match sticks for candles  Explore techniques e.g rolling, prodding, shaping and squashing.  Select shapes appropriately e.g flat surfaces for building, a triangular prism for a roof Combine shapes to make new ones — an arch, a bigger triangle	Use dough tools with increased control to shape and mould.  Combine shapes and materials to create representations with attention to detail.  Construct with a purpose in mind and begin to evaluate and adapt end produce	Sculpture Use materials to make known objects for a purpose  - Carve  - Make simple joins	Sculpture  Use a combination of shapes.  Include lines and texture.  Use rolled up paper, straws, paper, card and clay as materials.  Use techniques such as rolling, cutting, moulding and carving  Replicate patterns and textures in a 3-D form — work and that of other sculptors  use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: sculpture, statue, model, work, work of art, 3D, land art, sculptor, carving, sculpture, installation, shapes, materials, pyramid, abstract, geometric.

Master Practical Skills Effects, techniques, colour theory, media and materials	use a range of mark making tools e.g chalk and felt tip pens  Use a comfortable grip with good control when holding pens and pencils Create closed shapes with continuous lines and begin to use these shapes to represent objects Draw with increasing complexity and detail	Use crayons, chalk, oil pastels to draw.  Use a pencil with control to draw with accuracy and care. Include finer details through close observations and from imagination  Use drawing to represent ideas like movement or loud noises.	Drawing  Colour (own work) neatly, following the lines.  Show pattern and texture by adding dots and lines.  Observe patterns	Drawing  Draw lines of different sizes and thicknesses. Show different tones by using coloured pencils.  discuss use of shadows, use of light and dark  use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: portrait, self-portrait, line drawing, detail, landscape, cityscape, building, pastels, drawings, line, bold, size, space.
Master Practical Skills Effects, techniques,	Print  Notice print and patterns in the environment, from their own culture and talk about them e.g stripes on clothes,	Print  Identify and talk about patterns in the environment  Use objects to print	Print	Print  Use repeating or overlapping shapes.  Mimic print from the environment (e.g. wallpapers).

colour	designs on rugs and mendhi	Use objects to create	Press, roll, rub and stamp to make	
theory,	and rangoli patterns. Use	simple repeating pattern	prints	
media and materials	informal language like 'pointy', 'spotty', 'blobs'	Press, roll, stamp		
Master	Use hands and objects to make prints in different media e.g paint, dough. Talk about what they notice.	<u>Textiles</u>	Identify the different forms printing takes	<u>Textiles</u>
	<u>TEXUIES</u>	TEXTILES	TEXTILES	Textiles
Practical	Explore different kinds of	Practise threading to join	Practice the technique of	Use the technique of dip dye and

Skills	fabrics	materials	plaiting	plaiting to create a pattern
Effects, techniques, colour theory, media and materials	Practise threading and weaving e.g along the fence	Use weaving in creations e.g baskets	Practice dip dye  Begin to use weaving to create a pattern.	use key vocabulary to demonstrate knowledge and understanding in this strand: textiles, fabric, weaving, woven, placemat, loom, alternate, over, under, decoration, decorative, batik dye, dye, wax, resist, crayons, ink, apply, set.
Take Inspiration Artists and artisans, styles and periods	To be exposed to different artists and their particular style and techniques:  • Fauvism- using blocks of bright colours	To be exposed to different types of art  To use the language of art to describe and analyse artwork.  Take inspiration from local sculptures  Take inspiration of the work and style of influential artists and designers across time and cultures	To understand the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers  To describe the work of famous, notable artists and designers; express an opinion on the work of famous, notable artists;  use inspiration from famous, notable artists to create their own work	To describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.
		Notice, explore and use the features of artists work  • Pointillism  • Van Gogh Starry night- compare with	<ul> <li>Cezanne – Still life/Brush Strokes</li> <li>Jason Mecier - Mosaic Portrait – Collage</li> <li>Paul Signac - Shades of colour - Warm and cool</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cezanne – Still life/Brush Strokes</li> <li>Jason Mecier - Mosaic Portrait – Collage</li> <li>Paul Signac - Shades of</li> </ul>

 Jackson Pollocksplatter painting



- Iris Scott- finger printing
- Giuseppe
   Arcimboldo- collage
   portraits

- Jackson Pollock (Nur)
- Kadinsky- blending, smudging, use of colour- compare with Fauvism



- Iris Scott-finger painting
- Picasso –linesportraits
- Henri Raisseaucollage



- tones Feelings
- Van Gogh Contrasting colours – Emotions -Light source
- Warhol –Gainsborough -Digital portraits – Emotions
- PlensaDali Sculptures –
   3d portrait Shapes –
   Feelings Dreams
- Henri Rousseau 3D
   backgrounds Contrast
   Painting emotion –
   Pattern
- John Ndambo (African) -Landscape painting-Deep colours - Sketch to final piece - The sky
- Vincent Van Gogh (revisit)
- William Morris (English)
- Claude Monet (French) -Sculpture link - Death and sorrow -Connotations of red roses/ carnations in art -

- colour Warm and cool tones Feelings
- Van Gogh Contrasting colours – Emotions - Light source
- Warhol –Gainsborough Digital portraits –
   Emotions
- PlensaDali Sculptures –
   3d portrait Shapes –
   Feelings Dreams
- Henri Rousseau 3D backgrounds – Contrast Painting emotion – Pattern
- John Ndambo (African) -Landscape painting- Deep colours - Sketch to final piece - The sky
- Vincent Van Gogh (revisit)
- William Morris (English)

Claude Monet (French) Sculpture link - Death and
sorrow - Connotations of red
roses/ carnations in art - Fresh/

		Fresh/ wilting flowers	wilting flowers
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